DOCUMENTING CRIMES OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE DURING THE WAR IN KOSOVO



KEY FINDINGS:

KRCT, IN COLLABORATIN WITH PARTNER ORGANIZATIONS (CPWR, MEDICA KOSOVA, AND MEDICA GJAKOVA), HAS COLLECTED DATA FROM 1400 SURVIVORS OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE DURING THE WAR IN KOSOVO

KRCT - 445 cases

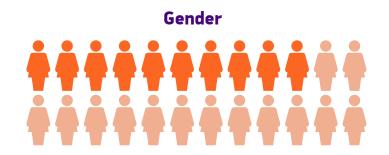
Medica Kosova - 254 cases | CPWR - 291 cases | Medica Gjakova - 410 cases

No. of cases

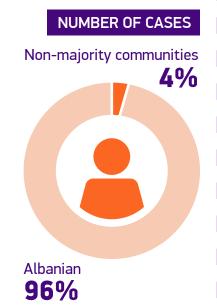
Since the beginning of the documentation process in 2019 until 2025, 1,400 cases of sexual violence during the war in Kosovo have been documented.

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Of the documented cases, 4% of the victims belong to non-majority communities (1 Serb, 6 Bosnian, 34 Roma, 13 Ashkali, 2 Egyptians).

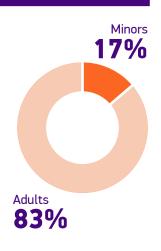


Of the 1,400 documented cases, 1,300 (93%) are women and girls, and 100 (7%) are men and boys.

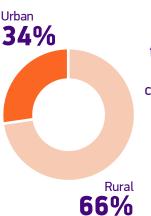


AGE WHEN THE EVENT OCCURED

17% of the cases involve children who were under the age of 18 when they experienced sexual violence.

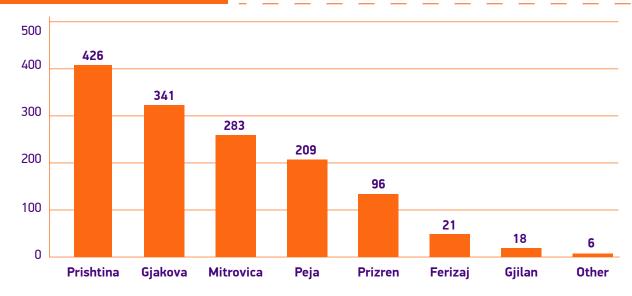


PLACE WHERE THE EVENT OCCURED



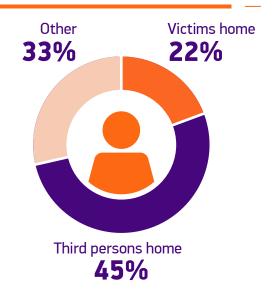
War-time rapes occurred more frequently in rural areas than in cities, with 66% of the cases taking place in rural areas and 34% in urban areas.

REGION WHERE THE EVENT OCCURRED



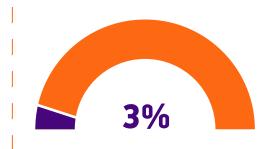
The Prishtina region accounts for **30**% of all documented cases, while the remaining **70**% occurred in other regions of Kosovo.

EXACT LOCATION OF THE EVENT



Most rapes occurred in the victim's own home, representing 22% of the documented cases. In 45% of the cases, the assaults took place in houses where victims were temporarily accommodated, while 33% occurred in other locations such as streets, schools, police stations, prisons or detention centers, and other similar sites.

MULTIPLE EVENTS 3%



Of the **1,400** documented cases of sexual violence during the war in Kosovo, **39** individuals experienced sexual violence on multiple occasions, under varying circumstances such as different locations, different perpetrators, or in different regions.

NUMBER OF PERPETRATORS



In **68**% of documented cases more than one perpetrator participated.

FORM OF RAPE



Group raping occurred in **49**% of cases.

WITNESSESES OF THE EVENT



Relatives of victims were witness in **71%** of cases where raping took place.

VICTIM'S STATUS (AT THE TIME OF THE EVENT)



99% of the victims of sexual violence during the war in Kosovo were civilians.

IDENTITY OF THE PERPETRATOR



In 8% of the cases, the victims recognized the perpetrators or had contextual knowledge of them.

FORM OF SEXUAL VIOLANCE



Rape, as a form of sexual violence, was used in **98%** of the cases.

HEALTH CONSEQUENCES AS A RESULT OF RAPE





Sexual violence resulted in psychological effects in **98**% of cases, and in **81**% of documented instances, victims also suffered physical injuries.

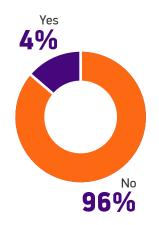
RECOGNITION OF THE STATUS "VICTIM OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE"



In **90**% of documented cases, victims applied for official recognition of their status as "victims of sexual violence"

ACCESS TO JUSTICE

Out of 1,400 documented cases Only 4% presented their cases to justice institutions



PREGNANCY RESULTING FROM RAPE



During the war in Kosovo, 55 victims of sexual violence became pregnant, and in nine documented cases, the victims carried the pregnancies and gave birth.



Among 1,400 documented cases, 471 victims sustained injuries to their genital organs. Supported by medica mondiale and Engagement Global (EG), with funds from the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ).









